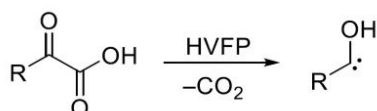


H-Tunneling in Carbenes

Prof. Dr. Peter R. Schreiner and Markus Schauerermann



R = H, Me, *t*Bu, Ph, Cyclopropyl, Trifluoromethyl, OH, OMe

Figure 1: General method. We use analogous systems for yet unknown carbenes.

Introduction

Schreiner's group was able to synthesize various hydroxy carbenes by thermal extrusion of CO₂ from α -keto carboxylic acids (Fig. 1). The corresponding esters of α -keto carboxylic acids are also capable of extruding CO₂ and the carbene after the ester is cleaved during high vacuum flash pyrolysis (HVFP) producing ethylene or isobutene in the case of ethyl- or *t*-butyl-esters, respectively.

Methods

The precursor molecules get evaporated in high vacuum together with a stream of a host gas (mostly noble gases). This stream passes an oven where the precursor decomposes. All the fragments get caught on a CsI window which is cooled to 3 K. The fragments are now frozen and separated by host gas molecules or atoms and get investigated spectroscopically (UV/IR). The experimental results will be investigated theoretically with high performance computations.

Discussion

After hydroxy methylene and derivatives were detected under cryogenic conditions, it was expected that the S and Se congeners should be detectable as well. Computational studies suggest that tunneling in these derivatives would be very slow so that they should be readily observable.

Outlook

We will synthesize different precursor molecules for various carbenes and investigate them with matrix isolation spectroscopy and computational methods. The latter provide powerful tools to investigate properties of reactive intermediates

Project Manager
Prof. Dr. Peter R. Schreiner

Principal Investigator
Markus Schauerermann

Project Term
2018 - 2022

Clusters
Goethe-HLR Frankfurt

Software
GAUSSIAN

Additional Software
CFOUR, Polyrate

Institute
Institute of Organic Chemistry

University
Justus Liebig University Giessen

H-Tunneling in Carbenes

Prof. Dr. Peter R. Schreiner and Markus Schauermann

such as tunneling reactions and half-lives. Furthermore, meta-dynamics simulations give insight to thermal decomposition reactions to predict thermolysis products.

Last Update: 2020-08-19 13:55